

Shaping a Socially Sustainable Future for Businesses in Singapore

Launching the Findings of the 2025 Social Sustainability Study

22 August 2025



About the study

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This inaugural Social
Sustainability Study 2025 aimed
to assess the current state of
social sustainability (SS) and its
impact on businesses in Singapore
as well as investigate the
prevalence of corporate
volunteering (CV) and the factors
that motivated businesses to
participate in such activities.



This study took place in the middle of 2025 for **2 months**, from **March to May**.



A sample size of n = 438 was used for this report.

Key purpose of the study:



Assess the current state of 'S' in ESG with a focus on the SS of businesses.



Understand the barriers and barriers businesses face in implementing SS initiatives and identify the key drivers that motivate businesses to implement these initiatives.



Identify gaps and recommend key areas of support that businesses need in the adoption and implementation of SS initiatives.



Survey topics and key questions answered

Our goal is to understand businesses' current SS and CV engagement, motivators, barriers, and the support they need as enablers.

Business
profile
Industry, revenue,
headcount, etc.

Engagement status
Businesses' involvement in SS and CV

Engagement
type
Type of SS initiatives
implemented and CV
causes supported

Key
motivators
Drivers of businesses
to engage in SS and
CV

External supports required to facilitate and progress SS and CV

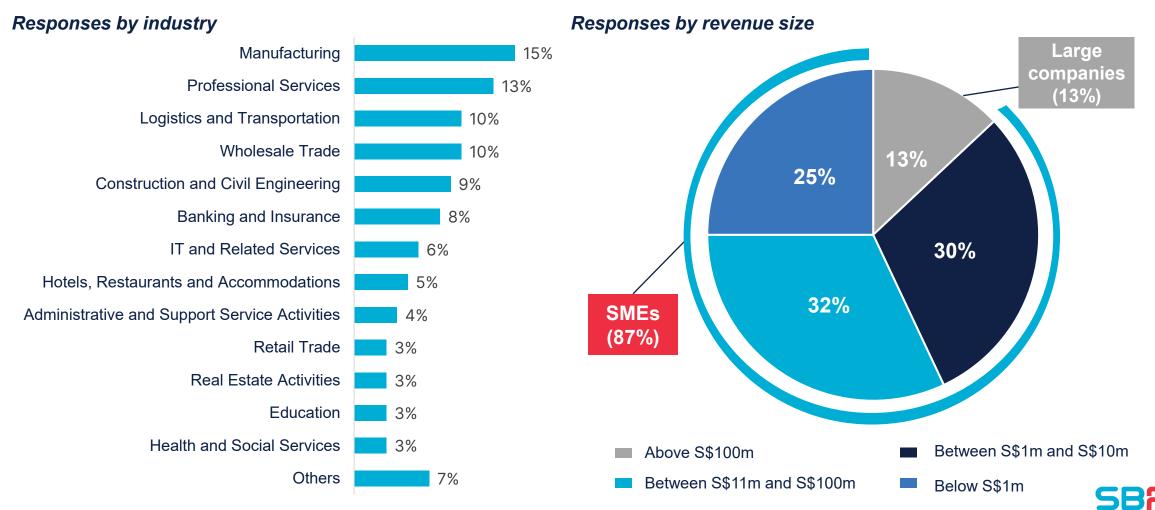
barriers

Barriers that hinder
businesses from
engaging in SS and CV



Profiles of businesses

The study captured responses from 14 distinct industries, ensuring a broad and representative view of Singapore's business landscape. SMEs made up a significant 87% of the sample.



Executive summary

90%

Of the businesses rated SS as an important ESG area to their business

Key SS initiatives implemented



CV emerged as one of the top choices for implementation in the next 12 month



Industry forerunners in SS

Industries with most businesses spending above SGD\$500k



Industry forerunners in CV

Industries with most businesses engaging in CV



While higher revenue may indicate broader engagement in SS and CV, businesses of all sizes generally encounter similar motivators, enablers, and barriers

Key motivators

Boost employee engagement and morale

Strengthen business reputation and brand image

Key enablers

Financial and incentives drivers

Training and capacity-building programmes

Better measurement and reporting tools

Key barriers

Competing business priorities

Financial constrains

Inadequate manpower or resources



Overview of the key social sustainability initiatives

Businesses in Singapore can play a pivotal role in advancing social sustainability – whether through **employee-focused initiatives** (e.g. employee training, progressive wages) or **broader community engagement** (e.g. corporate volunteering, donations). Incremental efforts, when sustained, can lead to significant and lasting impact.

Workplace Safety and Health (WSH)

Employee Training and Skills Development

Progressive Wages and Fair Employment

Inclusive Hiring

Fair and Ethical Procurement

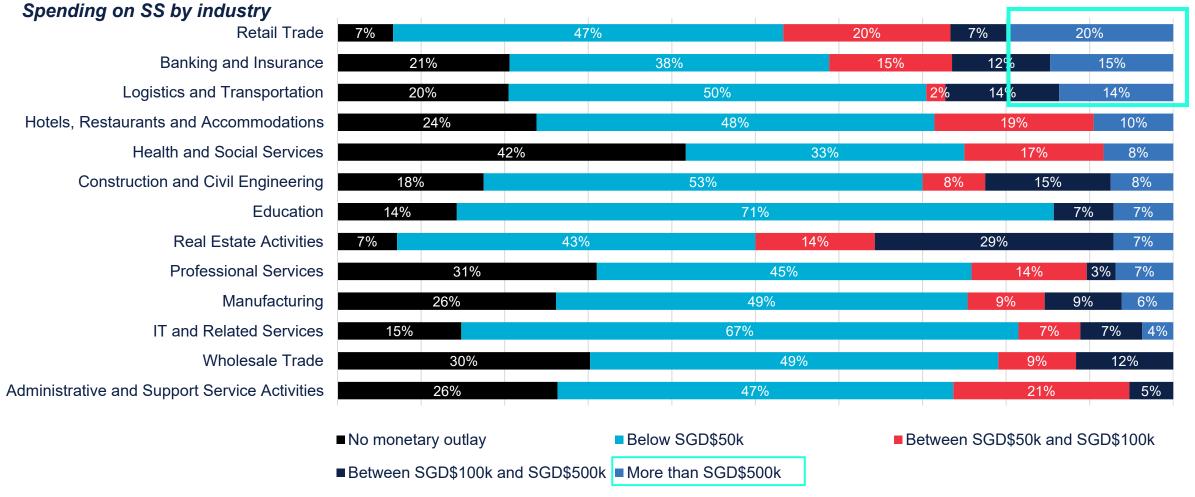
Community Engagement



Industry Forerunners in SS

3 sectors led in social sustainability spending

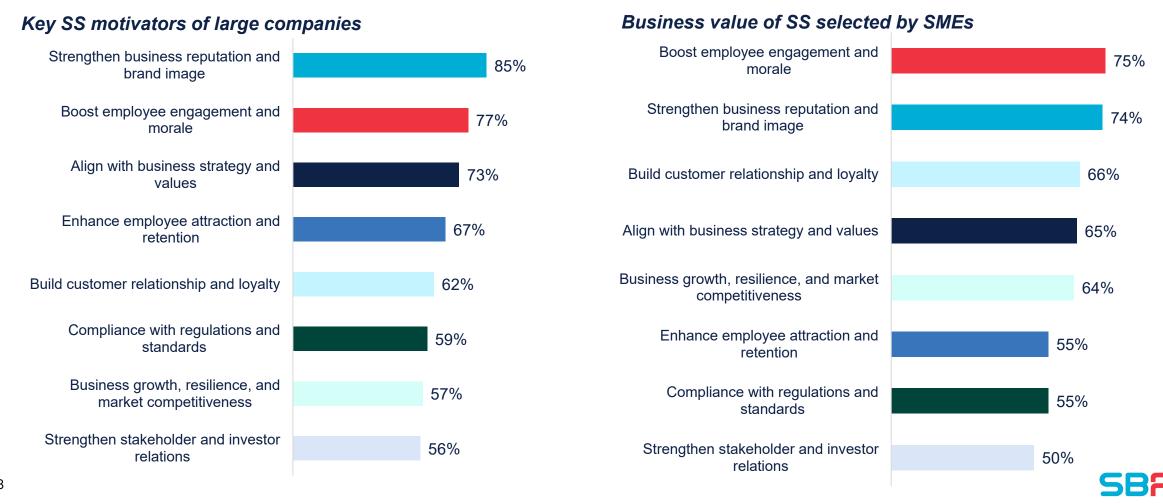
The retail trade, banking and insurance, and logistics and transportation sectors led in social sustainability spending, with some companies investing over SGD\$500K annual. These sectors are well-placed to serve as models for others.





Regardless of size, more businesses recognise SS as a driver of long-term business value

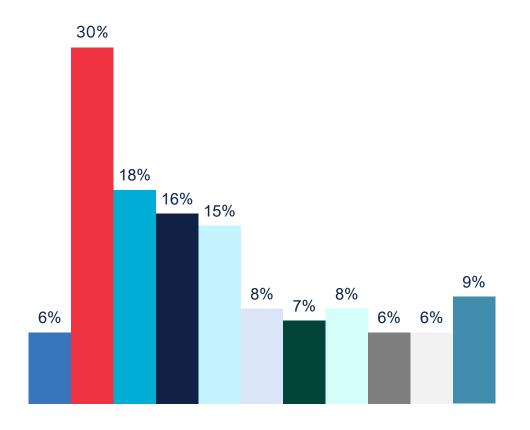
The momentum of embedding social sustainability into businesses' core strategies is clearly building. More companies recognise that social sustainability is not only a responsibility but a business imperative.



Understanding key barriers to SS implementation can help businesses move from intention to action

Regardless of size, businesses struggle to prioritise SS amidst other competing business priorities or demands. Financial constraints were also a common concern for both sizes. SMEs highlighted inadequate manpower and large companies cited difficulty in measuring ROI.

Key barriers that hinder SS initiatives of all businesses



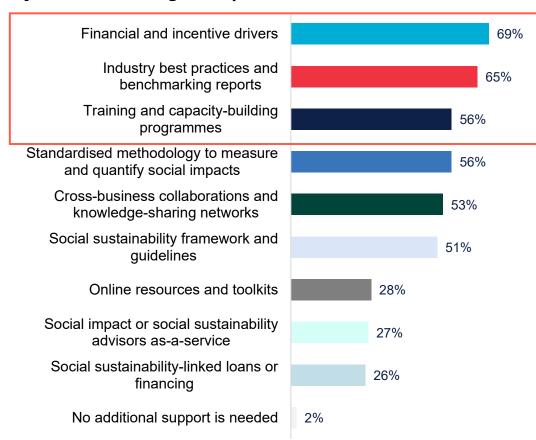
- Absence of regulatory requirements
- Competing business priorities
- Financial constraints
- Inadequate manpower or resources
- Difficulty measuring return of investment (ROI)
- Insufficient technological infrastructure to support sustainability efforts
- Lack of awareness or understanding of social sustainability
- Lack of leadership support
- Limited access to socially sustainable suppliers or partners
- Low employee interest or engagement
- No clear alignment with business goals or strategy



Tangible supports and practical guidance can turn businesses' potentials into action

Financial and incentive drivers can reduce the cost burden to implement SS and lower entry barriers and strengthened the business case for SS. On the other hand, capacity building programmes and benchmarking reports can provide the necessary knowledge and tools to build up confidence and SS efforts.

Key enablers of large companies



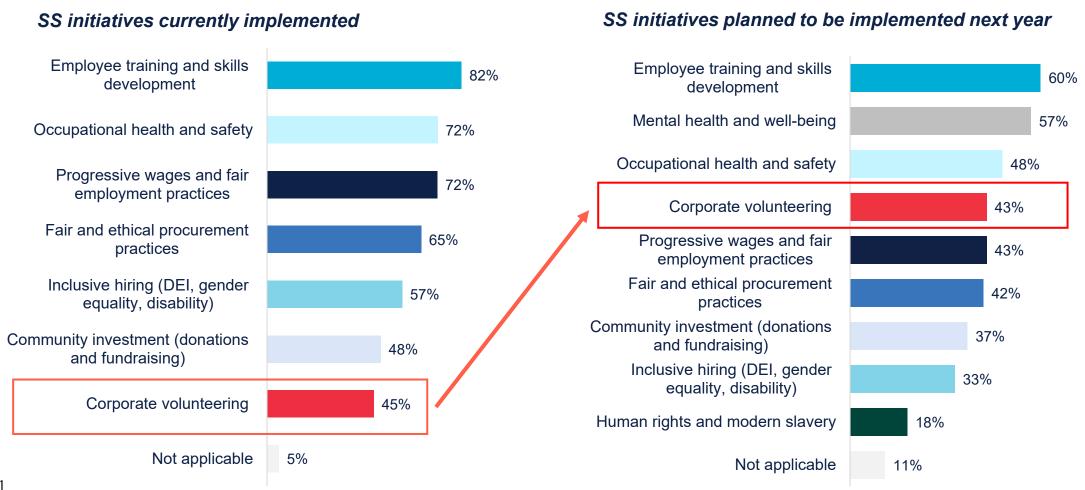
Key enablers for SMEs





Business are looking outward to expanding their social impact beyond the workplace to the community.

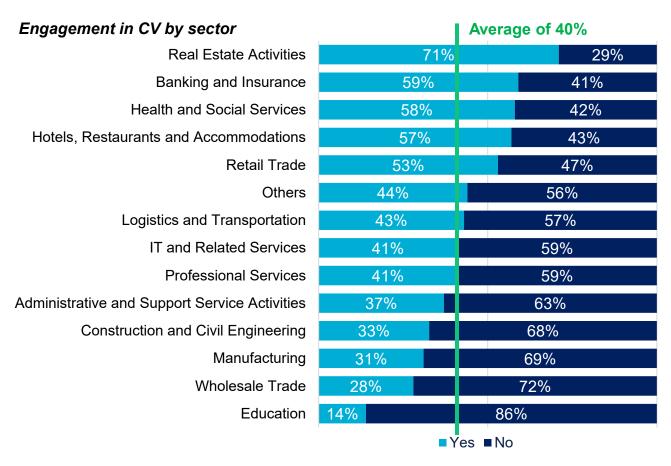
CV emerged as one of the top choices and planned for implementation in the next 12 months.



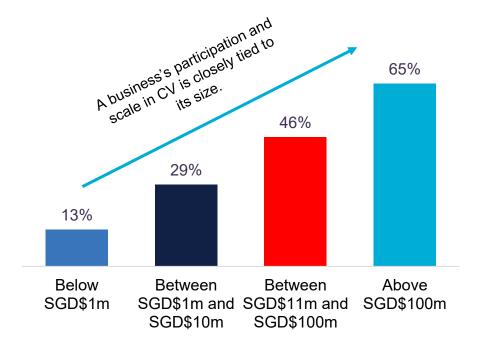


While 95% of businesses have implemented at least one SS initiative, only 40% are engaged in CV.

The study reveal a gap between the engagement levels of SS and CV. 40% of businesses have engaged in CV initiatives while 65% of large companies (with revenue above SGD 100 million) and only 13% of micro-businesses (revenue below SGD 1 million) had done so.



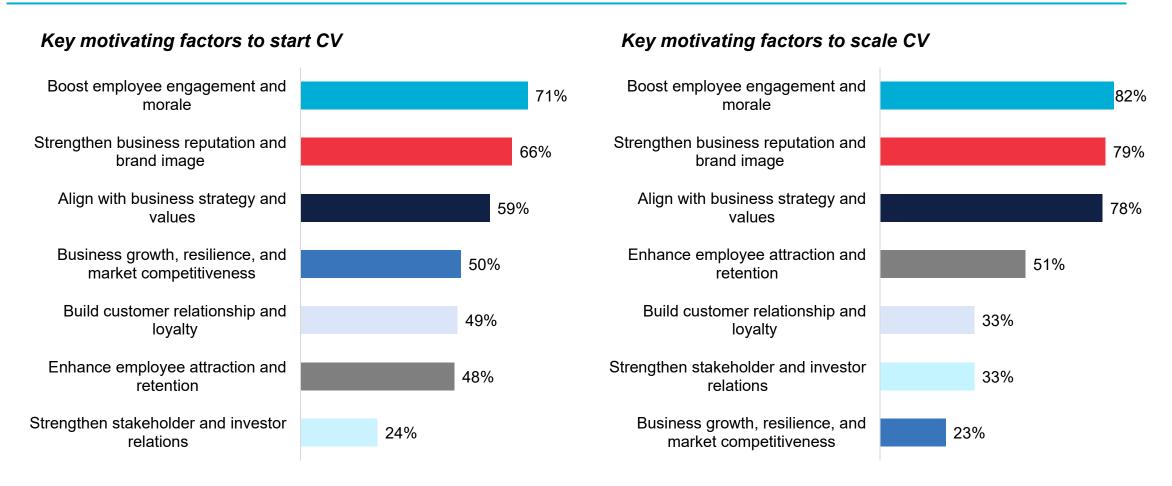
Percentage of business engaged in CV by revenue size





Corporate volunteering is increasingly recognised as a meaningful way to build employee morale and community connection

Businesses are choosing to engage in CV because is increasingly recognised as a meaningful way to build employee morale and community connection, not because businesses are required to

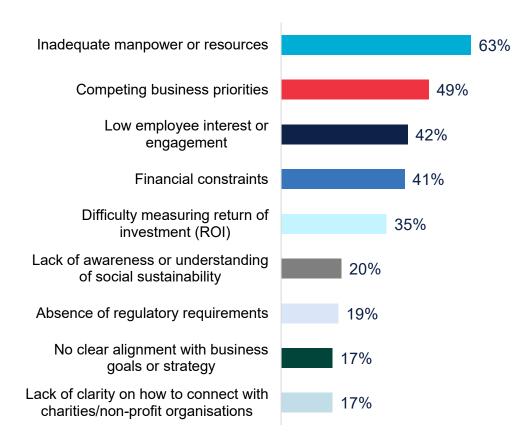




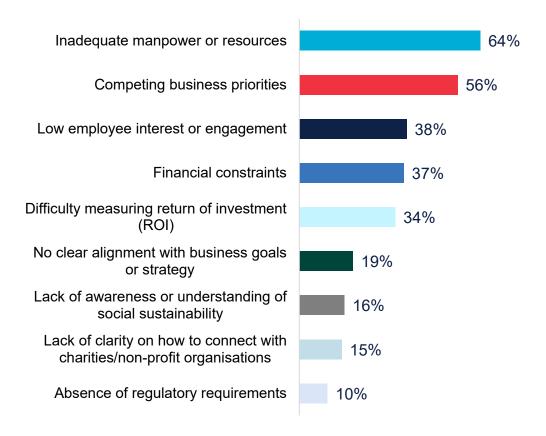
Inadequate manpower or resources as the top barrier for CV

Inadequate manpower or resources affected 64% of businesses. This is followed by competing business priorities, and low employee interest or engagement.

Key barriers for business to start CV



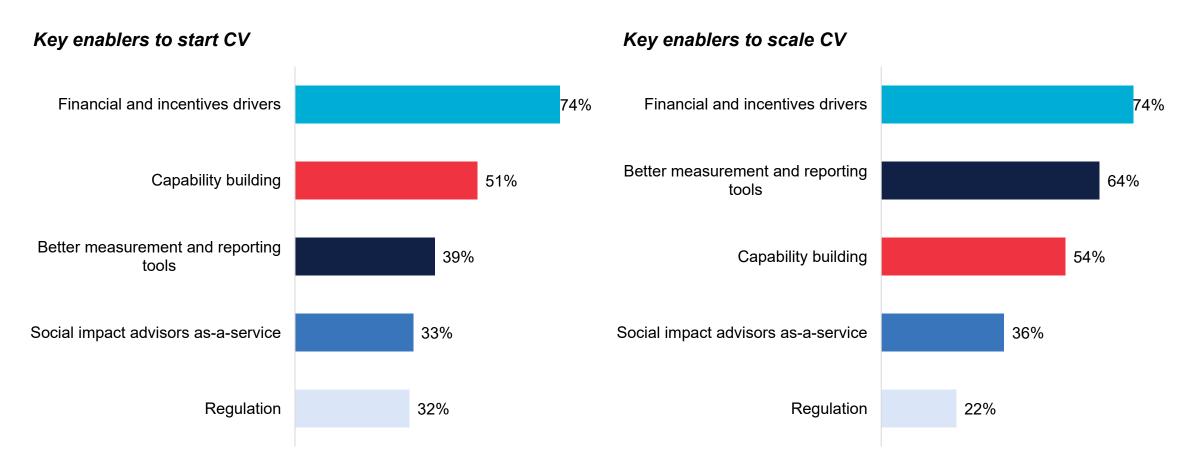
Key barriers for business to scale CV





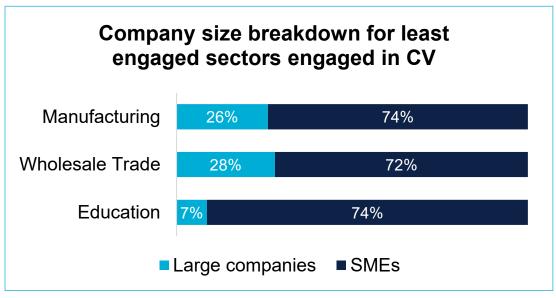
There is need for maturity-based support tailored to businesses at different stages of their CV journey.

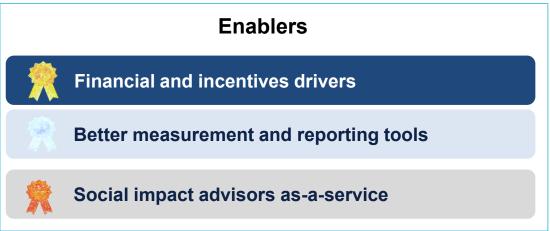
Financial and incentive drivers can reduce the cost burden to implement CV and lower entry barriers and strengthened the business case for CV. On the other hand, capacity building programmes can build up confidence and CV efforts, and measurement and reporting tools can justify the ROI.

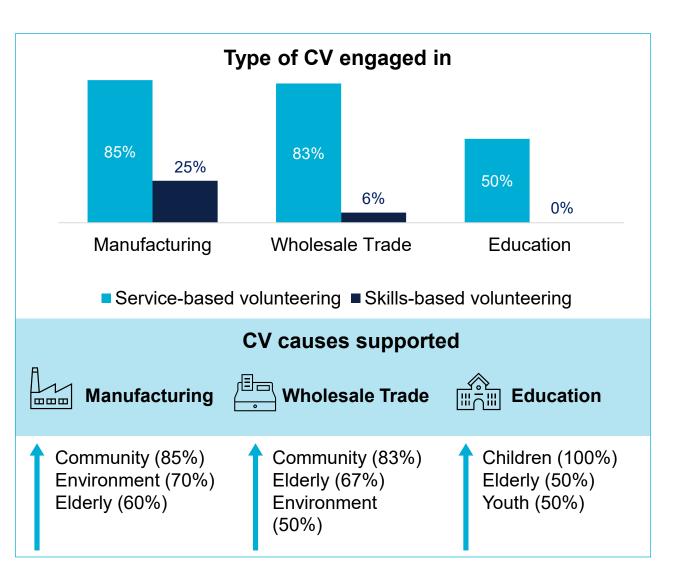




Sectors least engaged in CV prefer more financial and incentives drivers

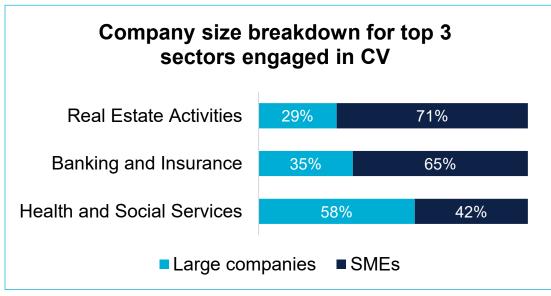


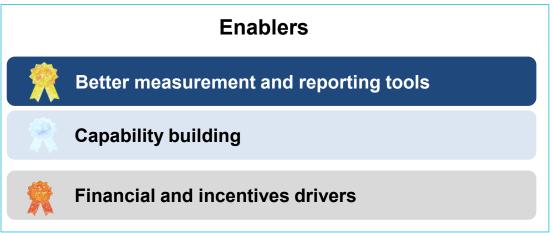


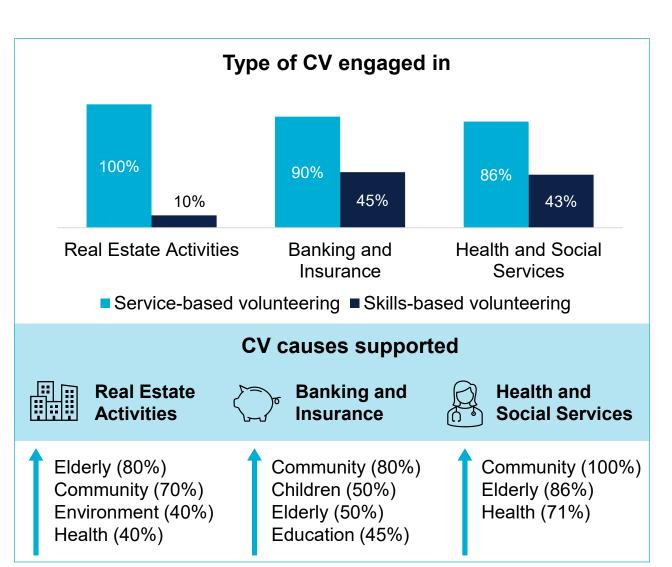




Top 3 sectors prefer better measurement and reporting tools

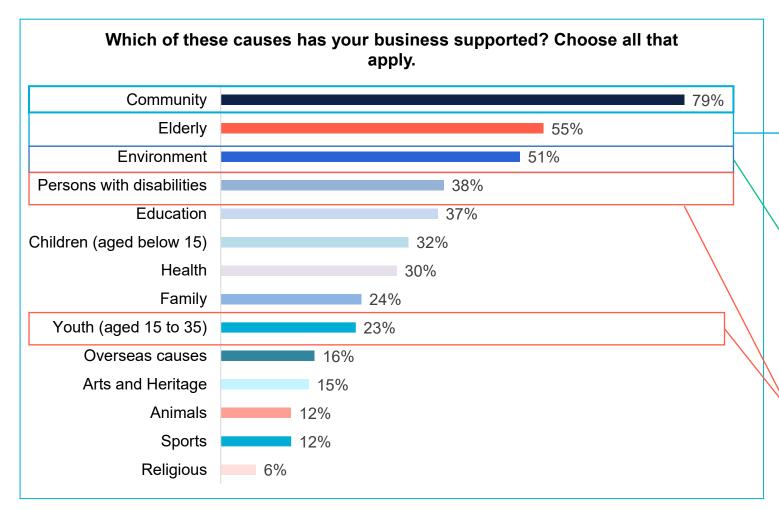








Community causes were most popular, followed by elderly, environment, and persons with disabilities





In the <u>Corporate Giving Study 2021</u>¹, elderly was also one of the top causes supported by businesses, with **45%** of businesses supporting it.



In recent years, businesses supported, many more **environmental causes**, with only **8%** of businesses supporting it in 2021.



Persons with disabilities and youth causes remained popular among businesses, with 38% and 23% of businesses supporting them respectively in 2021.



^{1.} Corporate Giving Study (2021)